

Статус проекта МРД

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- Вступление
- Физические задачи
- MPD концептуальный проект

– магнит -Barrel Tracker (TPC, Straw)

- TOF
- BBC - ZDC

- Организационные аспекты
- Заключение



Introduction



> NICA / MPD project

to study hot & dense strongly interacting QCD matter & to search for possible manifestation of the mixed phase formation & critical endpoint in heavy ion collisions has started for preparation

NICA / MPD is a leading LHE project in both - research program & development of basic facility in 2008-2015

it is expected that this *flagship* project provides:

frontier researches in the relativistic heavy ion physics
 attraction of young physicists & worldwide cooperation
 development of new technologies (incl. nanotechnologies)
 attraction of extra funding





Preparation of the project of new JINR facility - Heavy Ion Collider NICA (Nuclotron-based Ion Collider fAcility) has started

> This project foresees the design & construction of

Injection complex including the new Krion source & linac

Booster & upgraded Nuclotron (Nuclotron-M)

Ion Storage Rings with two intersection points

& MultiPurpose Detector (MPD)

> The conceptual design - close to completion

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Collider NICA complex allocation



В.И.Векслеру



Collider NICA characteristics



Ring circumference, m	251.2		
lon kinetic energy, E [GeV/u], min/max	1/3.5		
Particle number per bunch, N _{ion/bunch}	2.0·10 ⁹		
Bunch number, n _{bunch}	20		
Horizontal emittance, ϵ [π mm mrad]	0.7		
Momentum spread, ∆p/p	0.001		
IBS life time [sec]	≥ 100		
Beta function at interaction points, β^*	0.5		
RF voltage, U _{RF} [kV]	200		
Laslett tune shift, ∆Q	0.0044		
Beam-beam parameter	0.009		
Luminosity, L [cm ⁻² s ⁻¹], peak/average	2/ (1÷1.5) · 10 ²⁷		



Major milestones





upgrade of the **Nuclotron facility** wide program of R&D preparation of **T**echnical **D**esign **R**eport

> design & construction production lines for magnets & other parts & systems booster completion infrastructure development + assembling

> > commissioning

& putting in operation

paration of Technical Design Repor design & construction

Stage III (2010-2012)

> Stage IV (2013)

Stage 0

Stage I

Stage II

Jan 2008

(2007-2009)

(2008-2012)

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the following effects will be studied (on energy & centrality scanning):

Event-by-event fluctuation in hadron productions (multiplicity, Pt etc.)

HBT correlations indicating the space-time size of the systems involving π, K, p, Λ (possible changes close to the de-confinement point)

> Directed & elliptic flows for various hadrons

Multi-strange hyperon production: yield & spectra (the probes of nuclear media phases)



Possible indication on phase transition





measurements of related yields for charged kaons & pions

Some enhancement is indicated in the energy region around $\sim E_{\pi\alpha\beta} = 30 \ A \ \Gamma \Im B$





Basic principles of experimental approach:

- > Technical solutions should be as simple as possible
- Detailed simulation of expected parameters
 & corresponding cross-checks by available data

The experiment should fulfill the major requirement: physical observables must be clearly (qualitatively) distinguished from possible apparatus effects





Basic principles of organization

At first approximation
- all sub-detectors could be designed & constructed at JINR
based on the existing expertise & infrastructure

some sub-detectors could have alternative designs in order to provide possibility for potential collaborators to substitute/accomplish corresponding groups in future

- The first realistic draft of the Letter of Intent should be ready by January 2008
- > The rough cost estimation should be done

by that time as well

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First stage of simulation based on UrQMD & GEANT4 in the framework of MPD-Root shell:

- Au+Au collisions with total energy of 4.5 + 4.5 AGeV
- Central interaction within b: 0 3 fm
- Minimum bias within b: 0 15.8 fm
- Collision rate at L=10²⁷ cm⁻²s⁻¹: ~ 6 kHz

central collision $|\eta| < 1$, **p** >100 MeV/c

charged particle multiplicity (primary)

momentum spectrum



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momentum spectra for various particles













Magnet:

- superconducting solenoidal magnet
- magnetic field 0.5 T
- cryostat inner radius (region available for the detector) ~ 1.5 m
- iron yoke is used to form a homogeneous magnetic field
- color step 5 Gauss (~1 pm)
 good homogeneity
 feasible for TPC





MPD major sub-detectors



Zero Degree Calorimeter (ZDC)

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В.Кекелидзеб 100 лет В.И.Векслеру for centrality definition





Inner Tracker:

Complementary detector for track precise reconstruction in the region close to the interaction piont

- Cylindrical geometry (4 layers) covering the interaction region ~ 50 cm along the beam axis
- Possible contribution to dE/dx measurements for charged particles







TPC option for the Tracker



specification (preliminary) ~ 110 cm > Outer radius 20 cm >Inner radius Drift length ~135 cm Number of sections (each side) 12 24 (12 - each side) > Total number of readout chambers ~ 20-30 µs Drift time > Multiplicity for charged particles (central collision) ~ 500 > Total pad/channels number ~ 70000 Two track resolution 2cm > Special resolution ($\sigma_{o} \times \sigma_{R} \times \sigma_{z}$) 3 x 0,4 x 3 mm 6 kHz > Maximal rate



TPC design & readout



FEE and Readout electronics from ALICE TPC (ALTROs and PASAs) could be used







TPC: charged particle identification





В.Кекелидзеб 100 лет В.И.Векслеру

Gas mixture - Ar/CH4 (90/10)

6% of dE/dX
 resolution is expected

 π /K separation to 0,7 GeV/c (π +K)/p to p = 1,2 GeV/c



Time of Flight



> RPC - the major detector for particle identification

separation should be provided for pion / kaon in the momentum range 0-1,5 GeV/c for proton / kaon in the momentum range 0-2,5 GeV/c

> 2 stations of scintillation counters (BBC) situated symmetrically from the interaction region near the beam pipe give the start signal

 \succ RPC detectors on the radius 1,3 m provides the TOF measurement

> RPS provides additional targeting for track reconstruction in BT

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ToF specification



the RPC TOF system looks like barrel with the length 4 m and radius of 1,3 m. the barrel surface is about 33 m2 the dimensions of one RPC counter is 7 cm x 100 cm it has 150 pads with size 2,3cm x 2 cm. the full barrel is covered by 160 counters the total number of readout channels is 24000 Time resolution ~ 100 ps



ToF features



P

Ρ

1.2

Mass (GeV/c²)

1.4

23





ToF features





BBC design

Tech. details



Centrality definition (trigger level)

MinBias trigger

Au+Au @ 9 GeV





Small tile can be inscribed in circle with **12 cm** diameter, large tiles are four times bigger. Exact inner radius: **5.2 cm** Exact outer radius: **104.0 cm**



• The BBC scintillators are from 1-cm thick Kuraray SCSN-81.

• Scintillation light produced within a tile was collected by four 0.83-mm diameter Y-11 doped optical fibers.

Support





ex.: STAR BBC support frame

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measurement of centrality: b ~ A - Nspect selection of centrality at trigger level

- measurement of event-by-event fluctuations to exclude the fluctuation of participants
- monitor of beam intensity by detecting the neutrons from electromagnetic dissociation
- E e / E h = 1 compensated calorimeter
- Lead / Scintillator sandwich











> The work on the MPD project is well progressing

> Many experts are involved

- Many new ideas & suggestions have been considered
- > The major milestones are fixed

the Letter of Intent should be ready by January 2008



Thanks to the MPD working group

NICA center group:

Afanasiev S.V. Nikitin V.A. Borisov V.V. Peshekhonov V.D. Pavlyuk A.V. Golovatyuk V.M. Kurepin A.B.

+ volunteers

.

Shabunov A.V. Potrebenikov Yu.K. Zanevskij Yu.V. Kiryushin Yu.T. Murin Yu.A. Tyapkin I.A. Arkhipkin D. Abramyan H. Avdejchikov V.V.



Spare

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Organization - center NICA



is organized in the Laboratory of High Energy for the project preparation: Director - A.S.Sorin

Four groups started active works in:

Theory development

MPD project preparation

Software development

(led by - V.D. Toneev)

Accelerator complex design (- A.D.Kovalenko, I.N.Meshkov)

(- V.D.Kekelidze)

(- O.V.Rogachevsky)



Physics motivation



In-medium properties of hadrons & nuclear matter equation of state will be studied including a search for

possible manifestation of de-confinement and/or chiral symmetry restoration, phase transition, mixed phase & critical end-point

in collisions of **heavy ion** (over atomic mass range A = 1-238) by scanning of the energy region $\sqrt{S_{NN}} = 3-9 \text{ GeV}$

These investigations are relevant for understanding of the physics of heavy ion collisions, the evolution of the Early Universe & formation of the neutron stars

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Physics motivation



В.И.Векслеру

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Longitudinal view of MPD SVT



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Transverse view of MPD SVT

Number of modules 357.

Number of detectors 714.

Number of electronic channels 215 500



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Proposed parameters



- Radius from the beam line 1,3 m
- Time resolution -100 ps
- > Max momentum of π/K system separated
 - better than 2,5 σ at 1,3GeV/c
- > Efficiency (acceptance) for π/K better than 97%



Momentum, MeV/c



Separation primary particles for Central events





TOF RPC design







Beam Beam Counter at Hiroshima university

Run No.	Type of PMT	Type of radiator	Time resolution, ps
3	Hamamatsu R3432–01	Quartz	53
3	Hamamatsu R3432–01	Lucite	50
7	Hamamatsu R3432–01	Lucite	54
8	Hamamatsu R3432–01	Lucite	56
9	Hamamatsu R5506	Quartz	59
10	Hamamatsu R5506	Lucite	75
11	FEU-187	Quartz	55
12	FEU-187	Quartz	58
13	FEU-187	Quartz	52
14	FEU-187	Quartz	42



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Figure 2.1: Photography of the prototype of T0-C.





Barrel Straw Tracker

Modulo	R _m , cm	$\Delta \mathbf{R}, \mathbf{cm}$	Rate _{max} , n/cm ²	L straw, cm	Number per straw		0,	L _{ins} ,	L _{ins} , Number	
wiodule					spacers	segments	%	%	straws	channels
1Μ (φ)	30	20÷33	0,047	110	8	18	6,6	12,6	L#1 – 454 L#2 – 460	16452
2M	40	34÷42	0,027	130	8	18	6,6	11	L#1 – 608 L#2 – 614	21996
3Μ(φ)	45	43÷49	0,021	140	8	18	6,7	10,2	L#1 – 684 L#2 – 690	24732
4M	53	50÷56	0,016	156	8	18	6,6	9,2	L#1 – 808 L#2 – 814	29196
5Μ(φ)	60	58÷65	0,012	170	8	18	6,8	8,4	L#1 – 914 L#2 – 920	33012
6M	70	66÷74	0,009	190	8	18	6,7	7,5	L#1 – 1068 L#2 – 1074	38556
7Μ(φ)	85	78÷88	0,006	220	8	18	6,9	6,5	L#1 – 1294 L#2 – 1300	46692
8M-1 8M-2	100	90÷108	0,004	2×150	2×4	2×10	7,1	5,1	L#1 – 1526 L#2 – 1532	61160
9M-1(φ) 9M-2(φ)	114	110÷120	0,003	2×160	2×4	2×10	7	4,7	L#1 – 1800 L#2 – 1800	72000

Table 1. BARREL STRAW-TRACKER. Diameter of straws – 4 mm.

Total length of straws: ~41 km

Total: ~ 36 000

~ 343 796



EC Straw Tracker

Table 2. Modules of End-Cap Straw Tracker (φ). Diameter of straws – 4

mm.

Туре	N of layers	L straw, mm	N straws per layer	N straws per 2 modules	Number of channels
2 x M1	6	884	302	3624	14496
2 x M2	6	801	274	3288	13152
2 x M3	6	719	246	2952	11808
2 x M4	6	636	217	2604	10416
			Total:	12 470	49 900

Total length of the straws \approx 9,7 km

Occupancy in the straw segments

at various radiuses



Tracker (Barrel Straw Tracker)

preliminary



5 Modules: 1-st, 3-th, 5-th – ϕ (2; 2; 4 layers); 2-d, 4-th – ± 7° (3; 3 layers)

L -2,4 m; R - from 20 cm to 120 cm

4 mm in diameter straws – 12 610;

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Tracker (Barrel Straw Tracker) continuation

4 mm in diameter segmented straws, L -2,4 m: - 12 610 pc

Segmentation of 1-st and 2-d modules:



Total: 61860 channels

Segmentation of 3-th, 4-th and 5-th modules:

